United States District Court

for the

Eastern District of Texas

United States of America)		
v.)		
)	Case No.	1:17cr153(10)
SIDNEY ANTHONY WORRELL)		
Defendant)		

ORDER OF DETENTION PENDING TRIAL

Part I - Eligibility for Detention

Upon the

X Motion of the Government attorney pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1), or ☐ Motion of the Government or Court's own motion pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(2),

the Court held a detention hearing and found that detention is warranted. This order sets forth the Court's findings of fact and conclusions of law, as required by 18 U.S.C. § 3142(i), in addition to any other findings made at the hearing.

Part II - Findings of Fact and Law as to Presumptions under § 3142(e)				
x A. Rebuttable Presumption Arises Under 18 U.S.C. § 3142(e)(2) (previous violator): There is a rebuttable				
presumption that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the safety of any other person and the community because the following conditions have been met:				
☐ (1) the defendant is charged with one of the following crimes described in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1):				
☐ (a) a crime of violence, a violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1591, or an offense listed in 18 U.S.C.				
§ 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed; or				
\Box (b) an offense for which the maximum sentence is life imprisonment or death; or				
\Box (c) an offense for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the				
Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 951-971), or Chapter 705 of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508); or				
☐ (d) any felony if such person has been convicted of two or more offenses described in subparagraphs				
(a) through (c) of this paragraph, or two or more State or local offenses that would have been offenses described in subparagraphs (a) through (c) of this paragraph if a circumstance giving rise to Federal jurisdiction had existed, or a combination of such offenses; or				
x (e) any felony that is not otherwise a crime of violence but involves:				
(i) a minor victim; (ii) the possession of a firearm or destructive device (as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 921) (iii) any other dangerous weapon; or (iv) a failure to register under 18 U.S.C. § 2250; <i>and</i>				
☐ (2) the defendant has previously been convicted of a Federal offense that is described in 18 U.S.C.				
§ 3142(f)(1), or of a State or local offense that would have been such an offense if a circumstance giving rise to Federal jurisdiction had existed; <i>and</i>				
☐ (3) the offense described in paragraph (2) above for which the defendant has been convicted was				
committed while the defendant was on release pending trial for a Federal, State, or local offense; and				
\Box (4) a period of not more than five years has elapsed since the date of conviction, or the release of the				
defendant from imprisonment, for the offense described in paragraph (2) above, whichever is later.				

In

☐ Lack of financially responsible sureties

☐ Lack of significant community or family ties to this district

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X B. Rebuttable Presumption Arises Under 18 U.S.C. § 3142(e)(3) (narcotics, firearm, other offenses): There is a
rebuttable presumption that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the appearance of the
defendant as required and the safety of the community because there is probable cause to believe that the defendant
committed one or more of the following offenses:
X (1) an offense for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the
Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21
U.S.C. §§ 951-971), or Chapter 705 of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508);
☐ (2) an offense under 18 U.S.C. §§ 924(c), 956(a), or 2332b;
☐ (3) an offense listed in 18 U.S.C. § 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years
or more is prescribed;
(4) an offense under Chapter 77 of Title 18, U.S.C. (18 U.S.C. §§ 1581-1597) for which a maximum term of
imprisonment of 20 years or more is prescribed; or
☐ (5) an offense involving a minor victim under 18 U.S.C. §§ 1201, 1591, 2241, 2242, 2244(a)(1), 2245,
2251, 2251A, 2252(a)(1), 2252(a)(2), 2252(a)(3), 2252A(a)(1), 2252A(a)(2), 2252A(a)(3), 2252A(a)(4),
2260, 2421, 2422, 2423, or 2425.
☐ C. Conclusions Regarding Applicability of Any Presumption Established Above
C. Conclusions Regarding Applicability of Any Presumption Established Above
X The defendant has not introduced sufficient evidence to rebut the presumption above.
OR
☐ The defendant has presented evidence sufficient to rebut the presumption, but after considering the
presumption and the other factors discussed below, detention is warranted.
Part III - Analysis and Statement of the Reasons for Detention
After considering the factors set forth in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(g) and the information presented at the detention hearing,
the Court concludes that the defendant must be detained pending trial because the Government has proven:
X By clear and convincing evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure
the safety of any other person and the community.
☐ By a preponderance of evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure
the defendant's appearance as required.
and derenance of appearance as required.
In addition to any findings made on the record at the hearing, the reasons for detention include the following:
☐ Weight of evidence against the defendant is strong
☐ Subject to lengthy period of incarceration if convicted
X Prior criminal history
X Participation in criminal activity while on probation, parole, or supervision
X History of violence or use of weapons
☐ History of alcohol or substance abuse
☐ Lack of stable employment
☐ Lack of stable residence

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☐ Signifi	icant family or other ties outside the United States
☐ Lack o	of legal status in the United States
Subject	et to removal or deportation after serving any period of incarceration
X Prior f	ailure to appear in court as ordered
X Prior a	attempt(s) to evade law enforcement
Use of	falias(es) or false documents
☐ Backg	round information unknown or unverified

OTHER REASONS OR FURTHER EXPLANATION:

X Prior violations of probation, parole, or supervised release

First, the Court concludes that the defendant did rebut the presumption as to risk of flight. Defendant has been a long time resident of Houston, Texas. Further, Defendant appears to have family support. His mother appeared to testify on his behalf at the detention hearing, and other family members appeared in court to support Mr. Worrell.

The Court next finds, however, that the evidence presented establishes by clear and convincing evidence that the defendant presents a danger to the community and the defendant did not rebut the presumption that he presents a danger to the community. Mr. Worrell has a lengthy criminal history of very serious state and federal felony convictions. The bond report indicates that Mr. Worrell pled guilty to the charge of aggravated assault with a deadly weapon and he was convicted of unlawful possession of a firearm. This behavior not only creates a danger to the community, but also shows a disregard for the law and court directives given that Mr. Worrell has prior felony convictions and is accordingly prohibited from possessing firearms. The evidence, taken in total, satisfies the Government's burden in establishing that the defendant presents a danger to the community. For these reasons, the Court orders that he be detained.

Part IV - Directions Regarding Detention

The defendant is remanded to the custody of the Attorney General or to the Attorney General's designated representative for confinement in a corrections facility separate, to the extent practicable, from persons awaiting or serving sentences or being held in custody pending appeal. The defendant must be afforded a reasonable opportunity for private consultation with defense counsel. On order of a court of the United States or on request of an attorney for the Government, the person in charge of the corrections facility must deliver the defendant to a United States Marshal for the purpose of an appearance in connection with a court proceeding.

Date:	3/1/18	Com F. Asti
		United States Magistrate Judge